

ANOTHER LIFE SAVED.



Mrs. G. W. Fooks, of Salisbury, Md., wife of G. W. Fooks, Sheriff of Wicomico County, says: "I suffered with kidney complaint for eight years. It came on me gradually. I felt tired and weak, was short of breath and was troubled with bleeding after eating, and my limbs were badly swollen. One doctor told me it would finally turn to Bright's disease. I was laid up at one time for three weeks. I had not taken Dian's Kidney Pills more than three days when the distressing aching across my back disappeared, and I was soon entirely cured."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Where Life Is the Most Healthful and Long.

In Grand Isle county, Vermont, there was in 1891 a population of 4,622, and the deaths from tuberculosis numbered three. In 1902 the deaths from this cause were six and in 1903 only two. We wonder if there is so low a death rate from tuberculosis anywhere else in the civilized world, and under anything like similar conditions. In this county there are no villages except small ones, and not over the people in any village. The houses are all several rods from each other. The population is almost entirely farmers and fruit growers. The county is literally an island, and strong winds continually blow over the water surrounding it. That such exceptional conditions have an influence upon the mortality is plain from that of Franklin county, lying next to Grand Isle, and not so sparsely settled, but otherwise similarly circumstanced, in which the death rate from tuberculosis was in 1891 9.12, as against 0.67 in Grand Isle. It might be a pity to raise the death rate of the citizens, but what a place for a tuberculosis sanatorium! Perhaps the whole state of Vermont would not get the price in a state contest for a health prize. There has been a steady decrease in the death from tuberculosis from 1881, when the number was over 700, to 1902, when there were only 63. In 1903 there were 125 dying of scrofula or general decay, and 145 of them were over 30 years of age, and nine were over 100 years old.—American Medium.

Possibilities of Growth.

"How much does the baby weigh?" they asked.

"I haven't the slightest idea," said the proud young father. "It has been nearly three hours since we weighed him last."—Chicago Tribune.

TILL NOON

The Simple Dish That Keeps One Vigorous and Well Fed.

When the Doctor takes his own medicine, and the grocer eats the food he recommends, some confidence comes to the observer.

A Grocer of Ossian, Ind., had a practical experience with food worth anyone's attention.

He says: "Six years ago I became so weak from stomach and bowel trouble that I was finally compelled to give up all work in my store, and, in fact, all sorts of work, for about four years. The last year I was confined to the bed nearly all of the time, and much of the time unable to retain food, or any sort on my stomach. My bowels were badly constipated continually, and I lost in weight from 165 pounds down to 50 pounds.

"When at the bottom of the ladder I changed treatment entirely, and started in on Grape-Nuts and cream for nourishment. I had absolutely nothing but this for about three months, I slowly improved until I got out of bed and began to move about.

"I have been improving regularly, and now in the past two years have been working about fifteen hours a day in the store, and never felt better in my life.

"During these two years I have never missed a breakfast of Grape-Nuts and cream, and often have it two meals a day, but the entire breakfast is always made of Grape-Nuts and cream alone.

"Since commencing the use of Grape-Nuts I have never used anything to stimulate the action of the bowels, a thing I had to do for years, but this food keeps me regular and in fine shape, and I am growing stronger and heavier every day.

"My customers, naturally, have been interested, and I am compelled to answer a great many questions about Grape-Nuts.

"Some people would think that a simple dish of Grape-Nuts and cream would not carry one through the midday meal, but it will, and in the most vigorous fashion."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Look in each pkg. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

ATLANTIC COAST IS STORM SWEPT

New York Completely Cut Off By Fierce Gale.

TELEGRAPH WIRES ARE DOWN

TRAFFIC GREATLY IMPEDED, AND IN SOME SECTIONS IS COMPLETELY SUSPENDED—LIGHT SNOWSTORM IN GENERAL.

New York, Nov. 14.—New York is entirely cut off from the south and west by a fierce hurricane, accompanied by rain and snow, which is sweeping the Atlantic coast.

Starting from Florida, Saturday night, the storm of wind and rain has come up the coast at almost cyclonic speed. Early Sunday morning it was central off Cape Hatteras, although its ever gathering force was felt far to the northward. It then began falling in New York at 5 a. m., and early in the morning changed to a wet snow. The wind, which had been blowing moderately, veered to the southeast, and shortly assumed hurricane proportions. At six o'clock Sunday night the local weather bureau noted a velocity of 6 miles an hour, which increased to 40 miles at 8:30 o'clock. That speed kept up for several hours. At ten o'clock the storm center was at Block Island where the barometer showed a pressure of 28.82 inches, with the wind blowing 10 miles an hour. A barometer at the lighthouse was a trifle higher and the wind 30 miles.

Wire service out of New York is thus far more effective than at any other time since the blizzard of 1888. The Western Union and Postal Telegraph Co. have no direct communication with cities further south than Baltimore, and all western points are cut off. The Total has been calling some of its agents in Boston, N. S., from which point they are wired to Montreal, and thence forwarded to Chicago over Canadian Pacific wires. Shortly after noon the telegraph companies commenced to feel the effects of the storm. At nine after wire went down and city after city was left in the dark. No calls were notified, but owing to the day and heavy storm, it was dark before the full force could be measured. Late in the afternoon it was reported that over one hundred poles along the Erie railroad had gone down, putting the New York, Buffalo, Chicago wires by that route completely out of service. Reconnoisseur for a short time was had to wires via Albany and Syracuse, but a few hours afterward the pressure of the ice on the wires carried them poles and all to the ground outside of Poughkeepsie thereby closing that service. The Western Union was able to keep open the way to Baltimore, Philadelphia, and most places in New Jersey, but business for other points, save New England, was only accepted subject to delay. Communication between New York and Boston over all lines was uninterrupted. The telegraph officials are unable to state the damage until they can communicate with the territories affected. Every effort was being made Sunday night to have repairs to that a few wires may be opened up to the south and west by the time business opens Monday. Special trains were engaged on most of the roads running east of Jersey City and New Haven, and dispatched Sunday evening, laden with wire repairing gauge.

The weather turned Saturday evening without warning a dense sea covering the sky over New York. Some damage was done in and around New York.

Sunday night the terrible "Poor Merrys" running between Coney Island and Ninety-sixth street, Manhattan, went ashore on a rocky ledge in Gowanus Bay. There were ten passengers and the crew aboard. Owing to the fierce downpour, the streets of New York were practically deserted. The high wind played havoc with the street signs, which fell in showers. Many windows were broken, and a few glass panes were cut by the sharp and flying glass. The full force of the gale was felt in the harbor. Several boats anchored off Staten Island dragged their anchors.

Late in the evening, a freight barge apparently unlighted, was blown ashore during the height of the gale in Sandy Hook bay, off the old dynamite battery. The vessel lies in a very bad position, with every sail sweeping her deck. The life savers are standing by, but are unable to board the wreck. The fate of the crew is unknown.

Later on, a boat occupied by 18 tuberculosis patients was wrecked by the wind, and the suffering people were exposed to the elements. They were removed to the hospital as soon as possible, although most of them were drenched to the skin.

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THE MISPAGE SHORTAGE

The Ex Cashier of the St. Charles, Mo., Savings Bank Explains.

He Admits That He Has Been Too Accommodating With the Bank's Funds With Customers.

St. Charles, Mo., Nov. 13.—Anton P. Mispagel has this to say in regard to his shortage as cashier of the St. Charles savings bank:

"The facts are these," said Mr. Mispagel, "I have been accommodating some customers without the knowledge and consent and authority given by any officer of the bank to me, and in doing so I have violated some of the rules of the bank, and am held personally responsible for them by the bank officers."

"Not one cent of the money was ever used by myself. The transactions were not made directly nor indirectly with any expectations of personal gains nor profits."

"The shortage in no way affects the financial condition of the St. Charles savings bank. The institution is just as solid as ever, and is perfectly able to meet all of its obligations."

"The amount of the alleged shortage has not been given out yet; the state bank examiner having arrived this afternoon. The officials of the bank can not state what the alleged shortage is, but say that the funds of the former cashier are ample sufficient to cover any shortage that may be found."

The bank is paying all depositors who ask for their money.

Mispagel has been a resident of St. Charles county since his birth, having resided there in the milling business. It is said that since moving to St. Charles, where he has been successful, he has voluntarily paid off many of the debts of the old milling company. This is cited as an instance of the honesty and integrity of the former cashier.

SMOOT INVESTIGATION OFF

Nothing Doing In the Way of Take Action Against the Mormon Church.

Chicago, Nov. 12.—A letter has arrived to the Rev. Joseph Smith Jr. investigating, which was to have been received by the sub-committee of the committee on privilege and elections of the United States Senate immediately after the election. The members of the sub-committee were to meet in Chicago this week and proceed to Utah, but the trip has been declared off.

Senator Dubois of Idaho, who is engaged on the side of the prosecution, reached Chicago Thursday night. He received a message from Senator Burrows of Michigan, chairman of the special committee, informing him that it was impossible to get the members together. It is believed, therefore, that the plans for gathering testimony among the Mormons before the meeting of congress next month will be abandoned.

BIG FIRE AND EXPLOSION.

Knoxville, Tenn., suffers a Heavy Loss By a Mysterious Fire and Explosion.

Knoxville, Tenn., Nov. 12.—A mysterious fire which started in the wholesale hardware house of W. W. Woodruff & Co. here at 2 a. m. Saturday morning, destroyed that building and stored goods \$175,000. The store of Arnold Hardware Co. was damaged over \$100,000, and the Case Piano Co. \$20,000.

A series of blazes, containing 200 pounds of dynamite and powder exploded, seriously injuring Firemen H. J. Hawkins, Tom Duncan, Sam Bennett, Charles Dinsford and James Hartman, and partially injuring several spectators.

The explosion was felt throughout the city, and every store within fire blocks had its shop shattered and windows broken.

The loss from this damage is \$100,000, and many places will not be ready for business for a week.

HOW HE SPENT HIS Winnings

A Wisconsin Farmer Who Won Money on the Auctions Treated the Town.

Superior, Wis., Nov. 13.—Joseph Marzen, a farmer, made so much money on election bets that he has given an unexpected gift to the entire town.

The banquet was spread in the town hall, and the glee of the feast rose to the hall in a wheelchair pushed by a defeated bettor in the accompaniment of the Superior brass band and followed by a torchlight procession which included every able-bodied man and boy in the surrounding neighborhood.

Ten gallons of oysters, with other things to correspond, were provided for the crowd, and not a crumb was left when the throng finished.



Mrs. L. C. Glover, Vice Pres. Milwaukee, Wis., Business Woman's Association, is another one of the million women who have been restored to health by using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: I was married for several years and no children blessed my home. The doctor and I had a complication of female troubles and I could not have any children unless I could be spared. He tried to cure me, but after experimenting for several months, my husband became disgusted, and one night when we noticed a testimonial of a woman who had been cured of similar trouble through the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, I went out and bought a bottle for me. I used your medicine for three and one half months, improving steadily in health, and in twenty-two months a child came. I cannot fully express the joy and thankfulness that is in my heart. Our home is a different place now, as we have something to live for, and all the credit is due to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Yours very sincerely, Mrs. L. C. Glover, Vice President, Milwaukee Business Woman's Association."

Women should not fail to profit by the experience of these two women; just as surely as they were cured of the troubles enumerated in their letters, just so certainly will Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cure others who suffer from womb troubles, inflammation of the ovaries, kidney troubles, nervous excitability, and nervous prostration; remember that it is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound that is curing women and don't allow any druggist to sell you anything else in its place.

An Indiana Lady Tells of a Wonderful Cure—

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: It is a pleasure for me to write and tell what your wonderful medicine has done for me. I was sick for three years with chance of life, and my physician thought a dangerous condition of the womb. During these three years I suffered until agony."

"I cannot find words in which to express my bad feelings. I did not expect to ever see another well day. I read some of the testimonials recommending your medicine and decided to write to you and give your treatment a trial."

"Before I had taken half a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, I began to sleep. I have taken now six bottles and am so well I can do all kinds of work."—Miss Lizzie Hinckle, Salem, Ind.

If there is anything in your case about which you would like special advice, write freely to Mrs. Pinkham. She can surely help you, for no person in America can speak from a wider experience in treating femaleills. Address is Lynn, Mass.; her advice is free and always helpful.

\$5000 FOR FEEDING THE POOR

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